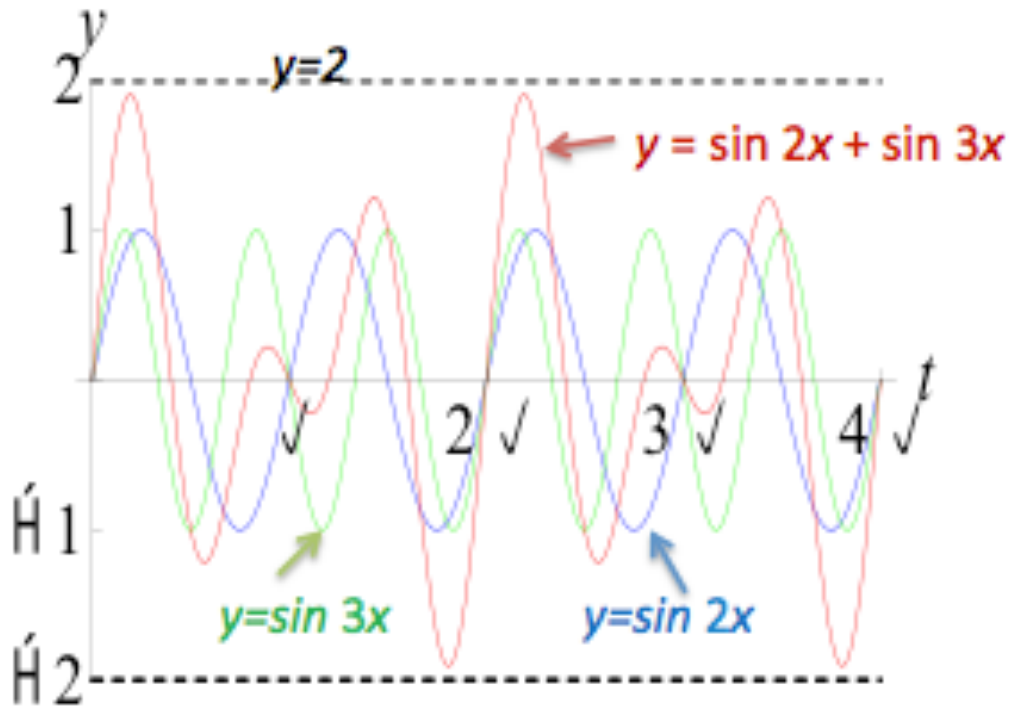


## Sec. 9.3 Trigonometric Models

**Ex:** Sketch and describe the graph of  $y = \sin 2x + \sin 3x$ .



The figure shows that the function  $y = \sin 2x + \sin 3x$  is not sinusoidal. It is, however, periodic. Its period seems to be  $2\pi$ , since it repeats twice on the interval of length  $4\pi$  shown in the figure.

Since the period of  $\sin 2x$  is  $\pi$  and the period of  $\sin 3x$  is  $2\pi/3$ , on any interval of length  $2\pi$ ,  $y = \sin 2x$  completes two cycles and  $y = \sin 3x$  completes three cycles. Both are at the beginning of a new cycle after an interval of  $2\pi$ , so their sum begins to repeat at this point. Even though the maximum value of each is 1, the maximum value of their sum is not 2; it is a little less than 2, because they achieve their maximum values for different  $x$  values.